## (39) Interview with Zaccheus (Lk. 19:1-10)

- 1. The events of this episode and the next overlap with the previous episode (Lk. 19:1,5,11 cf. Mt. 20:29; Mk. 10:46).
- 2. Zakçaı̃oς Zakchaios #2195 (zakkay #2140) zakkay pure. Later church tradition makes him the first bishop of Caesarea.
  - a. Rich. πλούσιος plousios  $^{\#4145}_{28x}$ . In contrast with Dives (Lk. 16:19,21,22) and the rich young ruler (Lk. 18:23,25), this episode features a faith response.
  - b. Short. τῆ ἡλικία μικρὸς ἦν. Small in stature. ἡλικία hēlikia  $^{\#2244}_{8x}$  (Mt. 6:27; Lk. 2:52; 12:25; 19:3; Jn. 9:21,23; Eph. 4:13; Heb. 11:11) + μικρός mikros  $^{\#3397 \text{ & }3398}_{46x}$ .
  - c. Ruling tax collector. ἀρχιτελώνης architelōnēs \*\*754\* Hap. Distinct from Matthew's role (τελώνης telōnēs \*\*5057\* 21x).
- 3. Zaccheus desired to see "who Jesus was" (Lk. 19:3). Previous information led to the desire for present identification.
- 4. Jesus called Zaccheus by name in a testimony to His prophetic office (Lk. 19:5; Jn. 1:45-50; cf. 1<sup>st</sup> Sam. 9:15-17).
- 5. "They" grumbled over Jesus going to a sinner's house (Lk. 5:30-32; 7:34-35; 15:2; 19:6-7). Tax collectors & sinners were outcasts by Pharisee & Sadducee reasoning.
- 6. Zaccheus made a public display of repentance—not for salvation—but in anticipation of the coming Kingdom (Lk. 19:8 cf. 3:7-14). Eschatology motivates Peripatology (2<sup>nd</sup> Pet. 3:11-18).
- 7. Jesus acknowledges Zaccheus' faith and testifies to His ongoing mission (Lk. 19:9-10).